

Pupil premium strategy statement: 2019/20 School: TAVISTOCK COLLEGE

1. Summary information							
School	Tavistock C	Tavistock College					
Academic Year	2019/20	19/20 Total PP budget £244,000 Date of most recent PP Review May 2019					
Total number of pupils	1,357	Number of pupils eligible for PP	297 (22%)	Date for next internal review of this strategy	December 2019		

2. Current attainment					
	Pupils eligible for PP (your school)	Pupils not eligible for PP (national average)			
Progress 8 score average (from 2017/18)	-0.22	+0.05 (-0.27 gap)			
Attainment 8 score average (from 2017/18)	41.46	49.18			
Progress 8 score average (from 2018/19) unvalidated	-0.35	-0.29 (-0.06 gap)↑			
Attainment 8 score average (from 2018/19) unvalidated	42.7↑	47.7			

3. Ba	3. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP including high ability)					
In-sch	nool barriers (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor literacy skills)					
A.	The progress of FSM students is making the least improvement when compared with other micro-cohorts within the disadvantaged group. This is a pattern, over time. (FSM P8 -0.76, Non FSM -0.24. Gap = -0.52).					
В.	Over time, the progress of high prior achieving disadvantaged boys is improving at too slow a rate when compared to that of other HPAs and other disadvantaged students in general.					

C. Increased and increasing numbers of, reported, Tier 1 and some Tier 2 mental health difficulties have impacted on attendance, some behaviour and levels of resilience, particularly in relation to disadvantaged students.

External barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)

Contextual and demographic weaknesses in acquisition of social and cultural capital creates barriers that preclude some vulnerable children from accessing the more challenging curriculum concepts and fundamental blocks of applied knowledge. A significant majority of vulnerable and disadvantaged students are inherently "Tavistock-(ethno)centric" in experience, aspiration, outlook and engagement.

4. O	utcomes	
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria
A.	Further rapidly accelerate progress for all disadvantaged but close the gap between the sub micro cohorts such that FSM, Ever 6 and CiC make similar or the same rates of progress and FSM gaps close more rapidly. Measured through data drops and analyses, teaching and learning reviews and internal PP QA and monitoring.	The progress of FSM students will mirror that of other disadvantaged students in outcomes and improve to between +0.1 and +0.2. Improvements will be seen at successive data drops as well as in terminal data.
В.	Progress for HPA disadvantaged boys will accelerate and they will make better progress than other male disadvantaged students. Gaps between HPA disadvantaged boys and non- disadvantaged boys will also reduce. Measured through data drops and analyses, teaching and learning reviews and internal PP QA and monitoring	HPA disadvantaged boys progress will be within 0.5 of a grade of the progress of non-disadvantaged HPA boys.
C.	Ensure that mental health provision is both explicit and implicit through targeted work and intervention as well as generic curriculum based opportunities and target disadvantaged students as priority 1 through pastoral and safeguarding systems and processes. Intent is to offer a broad range of early intervention and wrap around resilience support to all. Embed positive mental health strategies and develop Multi Agency Steering Team activity. Measured through engagement records/notes/mapping of activity, IBP, PSP, Early Help and multi -agency record scrutiny and analysis.	Students, parents and staff will recognise the range of implicit and explicit provision for EH4MH and case studies will show that few cases progress from Tier 1 to Tier 2 and/or beyond this.
D.	Continue to grow and maximise cultural capital through personal development curriculum, CEIAG, academic curriculum, targeted use of PPG for enrichment and engagement with extra and co-curricular opportunities. Measured through engagement and impact reviews, engagement records, pupil voice and case studies.	Intentions in all planning and policy will be clear. The efficacy of pastoral support will be strengthened and engagement of, and outcomes for, students will be reflected in improved attendance, behaviour and outcomes for disadvantaged children and young people.

You may have more than one action/approach for each desired outcome.

5. Planned expenditure

Academic year

2019/20

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the Pupil Premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

i. Quality of teaching for all

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Further rapidly accelerate progress for all disadvantaged but close the gap between the sub micro cohorts such that FSM, Ever 6 and CiC make similar or the same rates of progress and FSM gaps close more rapidly. Measured through data drops and analyses, teaching and learning reviews and internal PP QA and monitoring.	Disadvantaged coordinator to over- see operational implementation of strategies. Use of RAM (Raising Achievement Meetings) with SLT/HoY/Coordinator and core HoFs participating. Line Management focus on disadvantaged through school data (SISRA and FFT), Atkinson Report scrutiny. Continue to use the refined top tips (FIRST/UPHIGH), now distilled as "Power of 3" and provide CPD for all staff to exemplify what this looks like as part of The Bottom Line. Resources for faculties and individual students, with FSM as priority 1, as identified in line management, PEP etc to include revision materials, access to booster sessions, one to one booster tuition etc. Access to GCSE Pod with disadvantaged FSM students targeted. Continue with "surrogate parenting" programme for disadvantaged.	Many/most of these strategies have been implemented and gradually refined over the preceding three years and have led to a discernible three year trend of gaps closing. As the approaches move beyond embedded status it is reasonable to say that they are transforming outcomes. Consistency is leading to success. The school is ranked 11 th in 2019, in Devon, for closing gaps. Key to any success is the quality of teaching and learning. EEF data supports this view. Internal teaching and learning reviews show that pedagogical inputs need to be simple, consistently understood and measurable hence the further refinement of top tips into Power of 3. Some responses need to be bespoke and personalised to take into account distinct and very specific circumstances.	Integral to College Improvement Plan (CIP). Use of teaching and learning reviews (one per term, per faculty) led by senior leaders and with specific foci. Pupil pursuits for individuals led by senior leaders and disadvantaged coordinator to quality assure. Monitor through line management, data analyses, RAM (notes of meeting). Provision of CPD and adherence to Power of 3 within the "Bottom Line" for T&L framework. Case studies for individual inputs. Evaluation of school improvement activity through three monitors of this plan presented and shared at SLT meetings.	VP	December 2019 March 2020 June 2020

Progress for HPA disadvantaged boys will accelerate and they will make better progress than other male disadvantaged students. Gaps between HPA disadvantaged boys and non-disadvantaged boys will also reduce to 0. Measured through data drops and analyses, teaching and learning reviews and internal PP QA and monitoring	Deployment of the T&L pedagogical refinement strategy led by a published research based author of "Boys Don't Try? Rethinking Masculinity in Schools". Pedagogy focused on working memory, retrieval practice and spaced practice. This includes an extensive suite of directed developmental CPD for teachers with a focus on quality of middle leadership to identify need and drive improvement. Opportunities for boys to meet role models and have teaching and mentoring from positive role models. Access to personalised and bespoke packages of resources to improve outcomes e.g. revision materials, workshops etc. Development of boys' growth mind set pedagogical strand of The Bottom Line. Incudes staff CPD.	HPA disadvantaged boys make less progress than their other disadvantaged peers. All data shows this clearly. Success will be predicated on success of engagement in the curriculum and quality of differentiation and scaffolding. (EEF data and research bears this out). Middle leaders should be the agents for change. Middle leadership needs to improve in relation to early identification of need and delivery of subject specific and subject level interventions. Some responses need to be bespoke and personalised to take into account distinct and very specific circumstances.	Integral to College Improvement Plan (CIP) and link governor. Use of teaching and learning reviews (one per term, per faculty) led by senior leaders and with specific foci. Pupil pursuits for individuals led by senior leaders and disadvantaged coordinator to quality assure. Monitor through line management, data analyses, RAM (notes of meeting). Provision of CPD led by research owner and author. Adherence to Power of 3 (for HPAs) within the "Bottom Line" for T&L framework. Case studies for individual inputs. Evaluation of school improvement activity through three monitors of this plan presented and shared at SLT meetings	VP	December 2019 March 2020 June 2020		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Total bud	dgeted cost	£182,988		
ii. Targeted support							
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?		

Targeted use of EH4MH VΡ Ensure that mental Monitoring of CPOMS (and other student Integral to College Improvement Plan (CIP) December 2019 "Living Life To The Full" records) along with generic student voice and link governor.. Monitor through line health provision is both explicit and implicit (LLTTF) with and parent voice shows that reduced management, data analyses, RAM (notes of March 2020 disadvantaged resilience is most often identified amongst meeting). Provision of CPD utilising external through targeted work cohort. and intervention as Includes staff training. disadvantaged students and is used as a expertise. Soft data analysis using CPOMS June 2020 caveat for low personal aspirations and well as generic Access to mentoring and outcomes data. curriculum based (includina attachment failure to engage. This mind set needs to . MAST notes shared with MAT through the MAT strategic mental health group and opportunities and based) and mental health change rapidly. Reinvigorated MAST is in its second year target disadvantaged first aid as a priority. safeguarding forum.. Case studies for (2019/20) and is gathering momentum and individual inputs. Evaluation of school students as priority 1 Includes staff training and through pastoral and training for executive agency. This is bringing a wealth improvement activity through three monitors staff safeguarding systems "supervision" model to of support and opportunity and needs more of this plan presented and shared at SLT and processes. Intent support. time to embed fully. In the current depressed meetings. Line management activity and is to offer a broad Further development of financial climate more needs to be made of supervision for well being worker. Tavistock Multi Agency cost neutral/minimal cost community range of early intervention and wrap Support Team (MAST) with support. a focus on EH4MH and around resilience support to all. Embed engagement with a broader positive mental health range of local voluntary strategies and develop and volunteer agencies. Multi Agency Steering Aim to develop a well-Team activity. being hub within the Measured through college. engagement Further refinement of records/notes/mapping CPOMS recording of activity, IBP, PSP, identify EH4MH cases very Early Help and multi explicitly and then monitor agency record scrutiny activity and impact thereof. and analysis. Access to a part time college based well being worker who will carry a caseload of mentoring cases via HoY referral. Further EH4MH staff training including local voluntary agencies, CAMHS and others. Roll out of the ABC (attendance, behaviour and curriculum – this includes growth mind set) project to improve consistency of quality of IBPs and PSPs and provision of positive well being interventions integral to this project and allied to Early Help protocols.

			Total but	dgeted cost	£40,664		
iii. Other approaches							
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?		
Continue to grow and maximise cultural capital through personal development curriculum, CEIAG, academic curriculum, targeted use of PPG for enrichment and engagement with extra and co-curricular opportunities. Measured through engagement and impact reviews, engagement records, pupil voice and case studies.	Continued engagement with HumanUtopia and their "heroes" programme. Resources for co and extra curricular /enrichment opportunities where disadvantaged students are participating. Resources pro-rated according to % of disadvantaged who participate at least once per month. This includes peripatetic tuition opportunities. Use of SPPG for a support group for relevant children led by an ex-armed forces facilitator.	IDACI demographics analysis shows that students in catchment are in some of the most deprived deciles for deprivation e.g. Princetown is 7 th decile nationally and Bere Alston and Tavistock both 4th decile (where 1 is the most deprived) Tavistock is in the 4 th decile for income deprivation. Students need to have cultural capital in order to access a range of curriculum specific concepts and contextual issues. Services students proliferate due to the proximity of services facilities. These students have pastoral needs that have to be catered for. This is an ethical response.	Integral to College Improvement Plan (CIP). Evaluation of school improvement activity through three monitors of this plan presented and shared at SLT meetings. Pupil and student voice for HumanUtopia/SPPG activity to evaluate at regular intervals and ensure value for money. Fractional staffing dedicated to operational implementation and oversight. Case studies for individuals.	Principal/VP	December 2019 March 2020 June 2020		
Total budgeted cost					£ 20, 348 Cumulative £244.000		

6. Review of exper	6. Review of expenditure						
Previous Academic Year 2018/19							
i. Quality of teach	i. Quality of teaching for all						
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact:.	Lessons learned	Cost £70,221			

Increased challenge in all subjects/faculties so that it is consistently high for all bur especially for disadvantaged who should be seen as disadvantaged not low achieving. Academic outcomes in line with/better than targets.

SOLO taxonomy including thinking maps Top Tips (re-worked) -FIRST and UPHIGH. CPD to focus on T&L basics and HOTS. Growth Mind Set Shared effective practice. Engagement with MAT and TSA. Refocus on objectives and outcomes linked to EPTs. RAMs/Pupil Pursuits T&L reviews Identify FSM/Ever6/CiC and FPPG in planning "Grade 9" teaching to the top!

Monitoring demonstrates that challenge in lessons is not high enough consistently and across the board resulting in low order input based cognitive challenge instead of higher order output based challenge. EEF data suggests that metacognition intervention is low cost but high yield and can add up to 7 months' progress. Expected that outcomes will improve and gaps close.

T&L reviews show that "challenge" (demonstrated through rigorous homogeneous end point tasks for all) is embedded but not vet transformational because there is in year variation in outcomes across subjects and within subject groups, within cohorts. It is evident that there is still a small amount of variation in individual teacher practice and appraisal is being used to address this. HPA disadvantaged boys underperform to a much greater extent than their peers. Internal Data (in the absence of terminal data) shows that at DD3 on FPG, girls FSM P8 is +0.13 whereas FSM boys register a P8 of -0.47. We thus need to focus in 2019/20 on disadvantaged PPG boys as a target cohort. There are still minor pockets of underperformance by staff in relation to challenge. Reviews of the "Up High" and "FIRST" principles have led to a further honing of generic strategies into The Power of 3 for PPG and HPAs and staff now have faculty based exemplars articulating what key responses and interventions look like from subject specific points of view. MAT monitoring by a former HMI recommends that we continue to do few things well and continue to

adhere to "The Bottom Line".

£5,000 subject specific Pupil Pursuit Time £7,000 inclusive of Dr Atkinson (£200) of L&T reviews (release time) £5.000

Resources to be given to PPG students £4,250

CPD

RAM &

Part cost

Part Cost of TLR for CPD development £3,200

- Part Cost of VP salary for one day p/w PPG £16.421
- Growth Mind Set resources, CPD and interventions £850
- HoF time to devote to faculty based disadvantaged monitoring £22,000
- Resources to be given to students £6.500 inclusive of GCSE POD for Y11.

Developed and refined differentiation so that consistently there are better and more scaffolded steps built in to learning episodes. Improve, feedback aimed at accelerating learning . "In order to get to x you must do y..." Academic outcomes in line with/better than targets.

SOLO taxonomy including thinking maps Top Tips (re-worked) -FIRST & UPHIGH CPD for differentiation Development of Questioning especially nominated planned questioning for specific students, strategies and dialogic feedback Growth Mind Set Shared effective practice Engagement with MAT and TSA. Re-focus on marking & DIRT. RAMs/Pupil Pursuits T&L reviews Identify FSM/Ever6/CiC and FPPG in planning Clarity about what a lesson

objective and outcome will look like via CPD.

Monitoring demonstrates that differentiation is not smart or sharp enough and there are far too few scaffolded steps built in to learning episodes. Fundamental to this, feedback aimed at accelerating learning is not clear enough. EEF shows that feedback is low cost and can add up to 8 months' progress and that mastery interventions are also low cost but may add up to 5 months' progress. Expected that outcomes will improve and gaps close.

replacing pure differentiation and chunked scaffolds. More sustained CPD is needed for some colleagues to accelerate their ability to devise effective strategies. Internal data (in the absence of any terminal 2019 data) reveals that, in DD3 and for FPG, in English, the EBACC and the open buckets PPG students make less good progress than non PPG peers. However, in Mathematics, PPG students who are FSM have a P8 score of +0.26 as opposed to non FSM students whose P8 in Mathematics is +0.01. There will, therefore, be an imperative in 2019/20 to analyse mathematics practice and establish what works well for PPG/FSM students in this forum that can be shared as effective pedagogy globally. MAT monitoring by a former HMI recommends that we continue to do few things well and continue to

T&L reviews, which happen each term formally, show that

adhere to "The Bottom Line".

differentiation is becoming sharper and more focused but that in a

small number of cases, simplification and extension work are still

ii. Targeted support

Desired outcome Chosen **Estimated impact:** Lessons learned Cost £162.785 action/approach

To improve disadvantaged attendance so that it equals or is better than non- disadvantaged attendance

Use of PP Champion Mentoring through "surrogate parenting" Use of EWO time Access to co and extra- curricular opportunities and planning/signposting in class plans. Anchor Group for transition not ready target group.

Target groups identified in 2017/18 monitoring = Y7 FSM, Y8 FSM males, Y11 FSM males, Y11 SPPG males and Post 16 Ever 6. Gaps did nor close quickly enough. ABCC approach to disadvantaged. Expected that disadvantaged attendance will improve and be in line with national targets.

Spring HT4 attendance data shows that PPG attendance is 92.4% and non PPG is 94.1%. Pupil premium champion to analysed the disadvantaged data and formulated a specific disadvantaged attendance plan centred around parental and student involvement to improve disadvantaged attendance. This is RAG graded with the Attendance Officer every month. FSM identified through meetings to be a potential 'hard to reach group' and pupil premium champion is developing family meetings and home visits protocol , where appropriate , for attendance.

To have supported and intervened with the behaviour of those disadvantaged students who currently struggle to self- regulate and behave well. Behaviour monitoring will show improvements in target groups.

Use of HumaUtopia opportunity Ready 2 Learn including triage. mentoring and reintegration EH4MH School Counsellor priority Diversity engagement project. Parental digital literacy intervention to address use of social media and online learning capacity of students.

EEF indicates that behaviour interventions are moderate cost but may add up to 4 months' progress.

Pupil voice suggest that some students would benefit from additional help with their mental health.

Parent and pupil voice indicates that some disadvantaged students have gender identity issues that require a whole school approach. EEF indicates that digital technology inputs can add up to 4 months progress. Expected that behaviour of disadvantaged students will improve.

Pupil and parent voice records positive responses to HumanUtopia. Peer support mechanisms are qualitatively believed to impact positively on resilience and self-coping strategies. What was missing was a "24/7" opportunity so the college opted into a clinical trial of a conversational CBT app, HEALIOS. Data collected through questionnaires and face to face focus groups by HEALIOS indicate that students have found this helpful. All strategies have now been incorporated into a mental health strategy and policy and the college have trained Mental health 1st Aiders to further augment and improve provision. Living Life to The Full (LLTTF) has also come online and disadvantaged students are discretely targeted to be both ambassadors and users of this service. Behaviour monitoring shows that in April 2019 the "top ten" behaviour concern students include: 0 x FSM, 2 x Ever 6, no FPPG and 0 CiC. 80% of key concerns are not PPG/disadvantaged.

- Part cost of
 AP attendance £14,750
 Part Cost of
- EWO £10,000

staffing £1750

- Part Cost of attendance officer £5,250
 HumanUtopia costs £10,000 plus
- School counsellor extra hours £4,280
- Anchor group staffing for MPS and support staff £50.000
- SENDCo time for quality first teaching development £3,780
- RTL part cost for therapeutic mentoring £15,000
- Share of PPG
 Champion Salary £19,200
 Extra
- Curricular and Cocurricular opportunities £9.750
- Diversity project costs £350
- Surrogate parenting admin and sundry costs £175
- Release time
 for Early Help prac and
 regional forums plus
 behaviour support salary
 costs associated £9,750
 LLTTF admin
- LLTTF adm and supervision costs £8.750
- Proportion of AP salary £14,800
- Cost of CEIAG £4.000
- Visits to HE and other institutions
- £5,200
 Proportion of specialist TA time £3,235
 Share of
- Share of
 ASENDCo and Deputy
 SENDCo time £6,770

iii. Other approach	iii. Other approaches							
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact:	Lessons learned	Cost; £34005				

Improved independent Careers Advice and Guidance using Gatsby benchmarking to ensure that disadvantaged students get more and additional support especially at transition times K3-4, 4-5 and Post 16.	All disadvantaged students see an independent adviser at key transition times. Supported personalised pathways for nominated disadvantaged students with SENDI.	Progression route are vital for disadvantaged students to be able to see where they are going and why. Currently, some disadvantaged students have to have their KS4 and 5 options adjusted and even reduced because of poor, unsupported. Choices. Expected that disadvantaged NEETS will be 0 and all disadvantaged students will have additional transition support to facilitate effective transition.	Disadvantaged students prioritised for early and additional transition/options interviews and support inclusive of support from an independent careers adviser. Some disadvantaged given work placements to aid employability. No data on NEETS yet available for 2918/19.	*Proportion of AP/English HoF and Specialist TA salaries to oversee literacy support (with on costs). £31,800 *Proportion of support staff and specialist teaching salaries, plus on costs, to staff Anchor nurture group for KS3 disadvantaged students in Y8 who still have below chronological age reading/spelling. £44,500 *CPD costs related to top tips and waking talking approaches. £500 *Proportion of school librarian salary to cover reading intervention through AR and e.g. h/w club for target students. £4,750 *AR, books, resources and sundries for literacy acceleration £6,950
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7. Additional detail			